

Air Force Global Strike Command

Missile Community Cancer Study (MCCS) Update



Lt Gen Michael J. Lutton AFGSC/CD October 2025



Air Force Global Strike Command

Missile Community Cancer Study Town Hall

Thank you for joining us today.

The Town Hall will begin at 1400 Central Time.

To submit a question for this Town Hall, email your question to:

afgsc.paworkflow@us.af.mil

We will monitor this email throughout the Town Hall



Missile Community Cancer Study Objectives



Assess the as-is environmental state at the three active Missile Wings.



Identify the risk of exposure to our Airman and develop institutional processes to document and communicate potential risks for Airman and their families.



Understand the scope of potential exposures, 1976 through current day, and document exposures for DoD, separated and retired members, families, and VA partners.

Environmental Sampling

DOEHRS/ILER

Epidemiology Review



External Partners

- Environmental Protection Agency Sampling/Hazard Cleaning/Remediation/Mitigation
- Environmental Sampling Experts from AF Institute of Technology; Wright State University;
 Rutgers University
- Epidemiology Study Experts from National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, Wright State University, University of Cincinnati, and University of Nebraska Medical Center
- Hazard Documentation ILER Working Group; DOEHRS
- Burn Study 711 Human Performance Wing/Human Effectiveness Directorate; University of Dayton, Ohio















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MCCS Timeline/Recap

December 2022 - Space Force Guardian and Former Missileer started an important dialogue: Do Missileers have an increased cancer risk?

Missile Community Cancer Study

Current Timeline



December

Cancer concerns from Missileers

A missileer documents cases of Non-Hodgkins Lymphoma and other cancers in missileers.



March - May 2023

Site Visits & Town Halls

AFGSC and USAF School of Aerospace Medicine (USAFSAM) design a 2-track study - environmental and epidemiological - based off missile alert facility (MAF) site visits and missile community member feedback.



Aug - Oct 2023

PCBs Identified & Mitigation Plan Developed

Results from round 1 of sampling identify Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) lévels above U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended standards at 4 sites. These sites are immediately closed until PCB cleaning and mitigation efforts are complete.



Round 3 **Environmental Sampling**

USAFSAM completes the final round of environmental sampling, and an epidemiological review of cancer registries for the DoD (1986-2021) and the Dept. of Veteran Affairs (1976-2021).



December 2025

Reviewing Civilian **Cancer Registries**

Analyzing data from civilian cancer registries combined with all other previously analyzed cancer incidence datasets.



February 2023

AFGSC/CC Directs Study via USAFSAM

Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command (AFGSC) initiates the Missile Community Cancer Study (MCCS) to assess potential risk factors and cancer prevalence in missile-related career fields.



June - July 2023

Round 1 **Environmental Sampling**

USAFSAM completes the 1st of 3 rounds of environmental sampling, testing for known hazardous materials at every active MAF within AFGSC: begins combing databases for epidemiological trends.



Oct - Nov 2023

Round 2 Environmental Sampling

USAFSAM completes the 2nd of 3 rounds of environmental sampling and begins the analysis of electronic medical data from 2001-2021 for Air Force Specialty Codes (AFSCs) which work in/around MAFs.



Spring 2025

Phase 1C & Comprehensive **Health Risk Assessment**

USAFSAM completes Phase 1C of the Epidemiological Review, which used National Death Index Data (1979-2020), With the Environmental Sampling complete, begin collaborating with the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) on the comprehensive health risk assessment.



Spring 2026

Epidemiology **Review Complete**

The epidemiological study is projected to be completed, reviewing civilian cancer registries. Common Access Card (CAC) Individual Longitudinal Exposure Record (ILER) access is scheduled to be available.

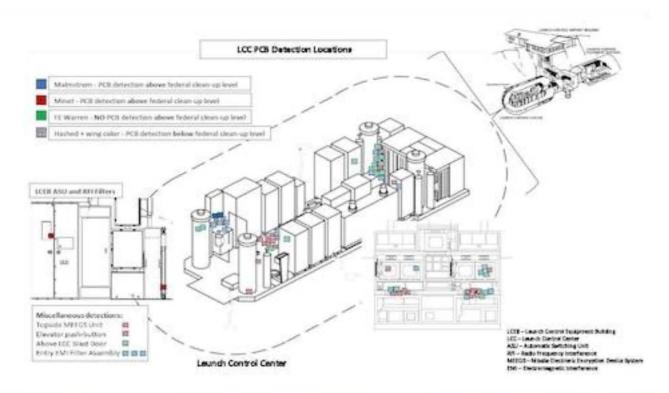
Current as of 29 September 2025 Air Force Global Strike Command Public Affairs

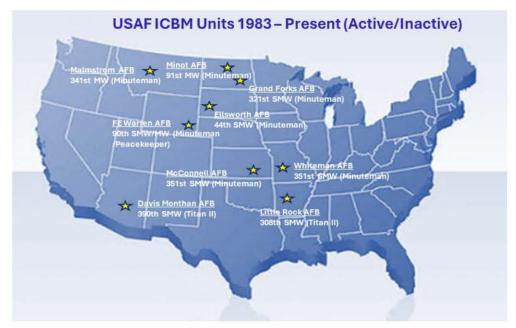


Ongoing Efforts

■ PCB response protocols standardization complete

- Maintenance Technical Orders (TOs)
- Civil Engineer Manuals
- Signage





- Missile Alert Facility (MAF) improve environmental system inspection processes
- Deep Cleaning contract in progress
- PCB Cleaning contract in progress
- Launch Facility (LF) PCB sampling integrated into inspection processes

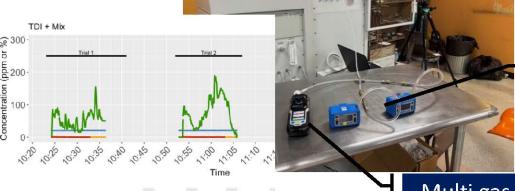


Chemistry and Predictive Risk

- Burn tests to measure chemical emissions
 - 6 total conditions studied: 3 with TDI labels,
 3 with crypto tape completed 4 Sep 25
 - Emissions samples collected for offline analysis of metals and specific volatile compounds
 - Sampled for 4 combustion gases, 89 toxic organics and 26 metals based on Safety Data Sheet analysis
 - Detected 24 chemicals and 0 metals
 - Identified 31 non-target chemicals
 - Predictive risk team working to evaluate hazard and level of toxicity – analysis in progress



Particulate Samplers



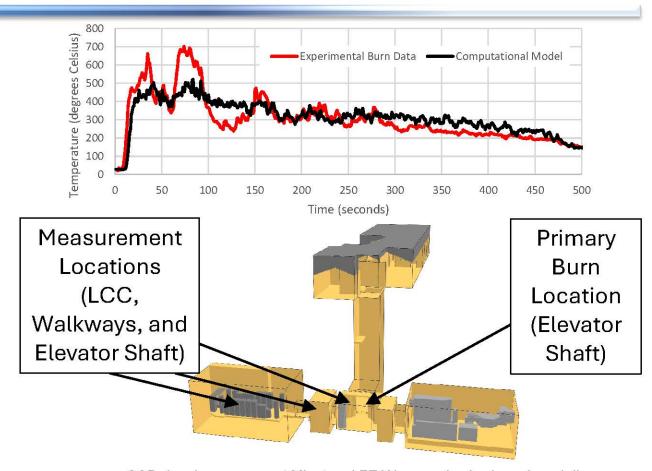
Chemical Samplers

Multi gas Sampler



Physics Based Modeling

- Physics-based modeling to determine exposure levels throughout control centers
 - Burn model validated against test burn data collections – completed
 - Geometry built with computer-aided design file and facility ventilation parameters from AFGSC/A3O – completed
 - Emissions from burns used by models to predict exposure levels throughout facility
 - in progress

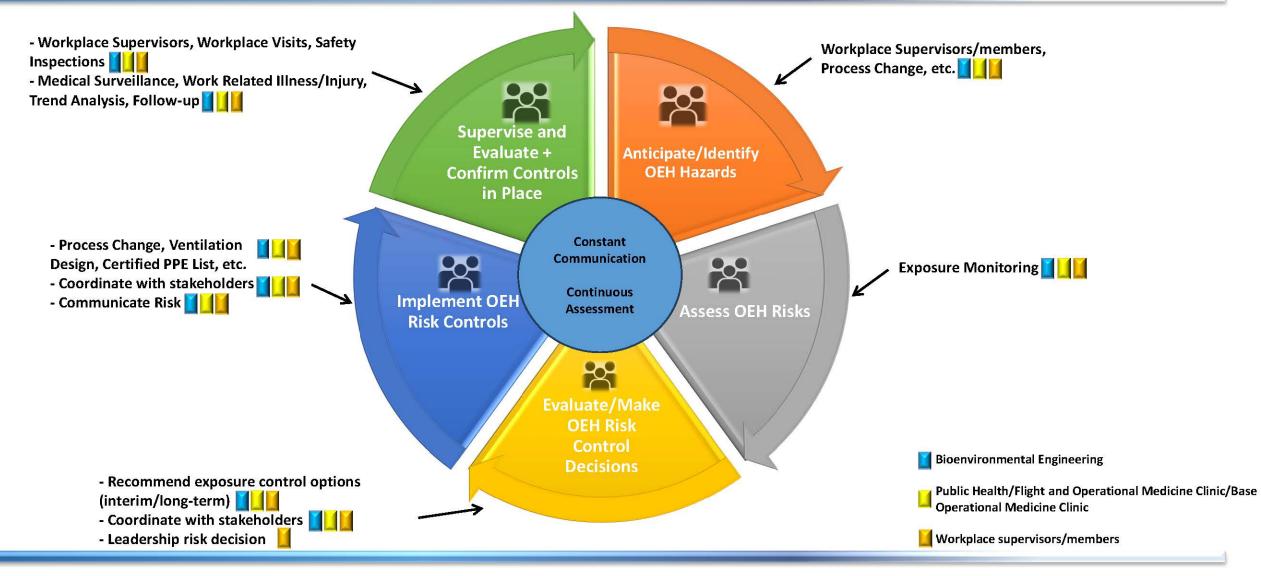


CAD drawings represent Minot and FE Warren; physics based-modeling exposure levels will include Malmstrom specific CAD drawings

Combination of Burn Emissions Measurements, Toxicology Modeling and Physics-Based Modeling will clarify health risk from burning TDI labels and Crypto tape



Occupational Health Assessment

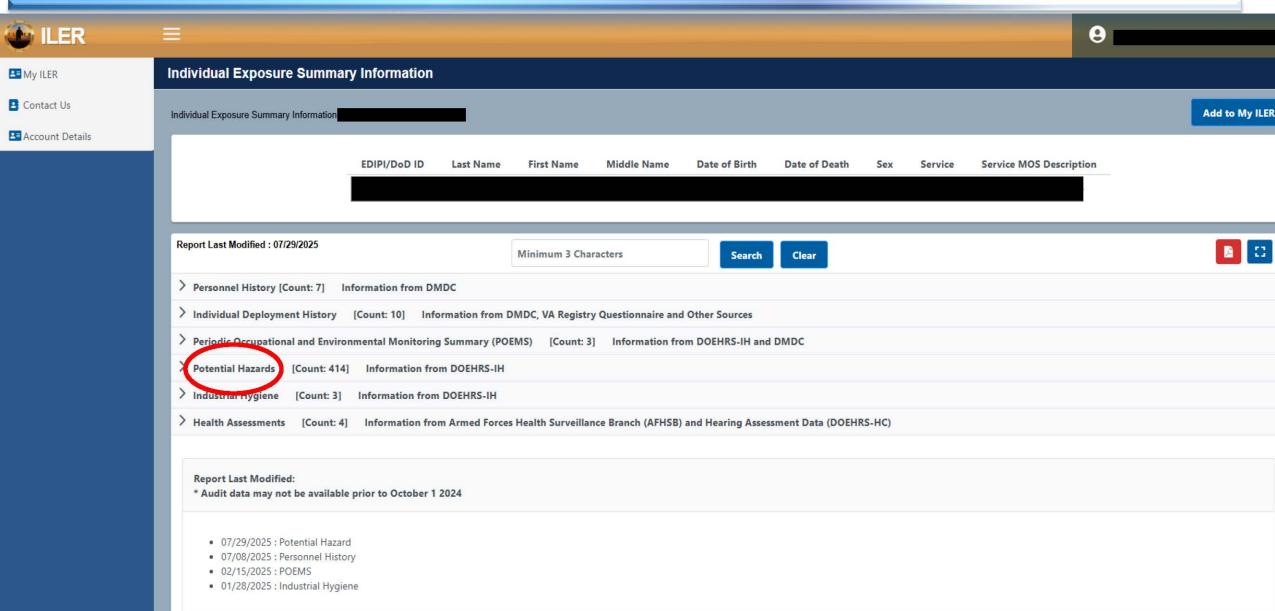




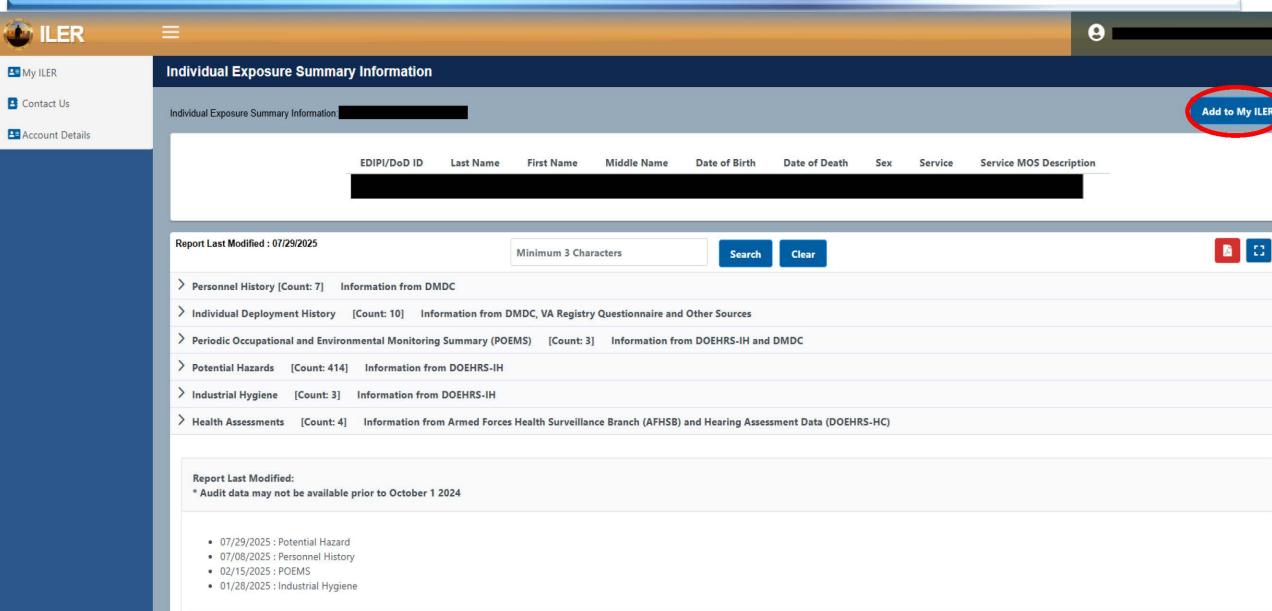
- Improvements to ILER
 - Make accessible to individuals
 - Early 2026 for CAC holders
 - Dec 2026 via login.gov for veterans and others
 - Made data more assessable: "Potential Hazards"
 - Added self-report options
 - Add unlisted in-garrison locations
 - Add unlisted deployment locations
 - Add potential toxic exposures
 - Add location-based potential hazards for missile bases, like for deployment locations



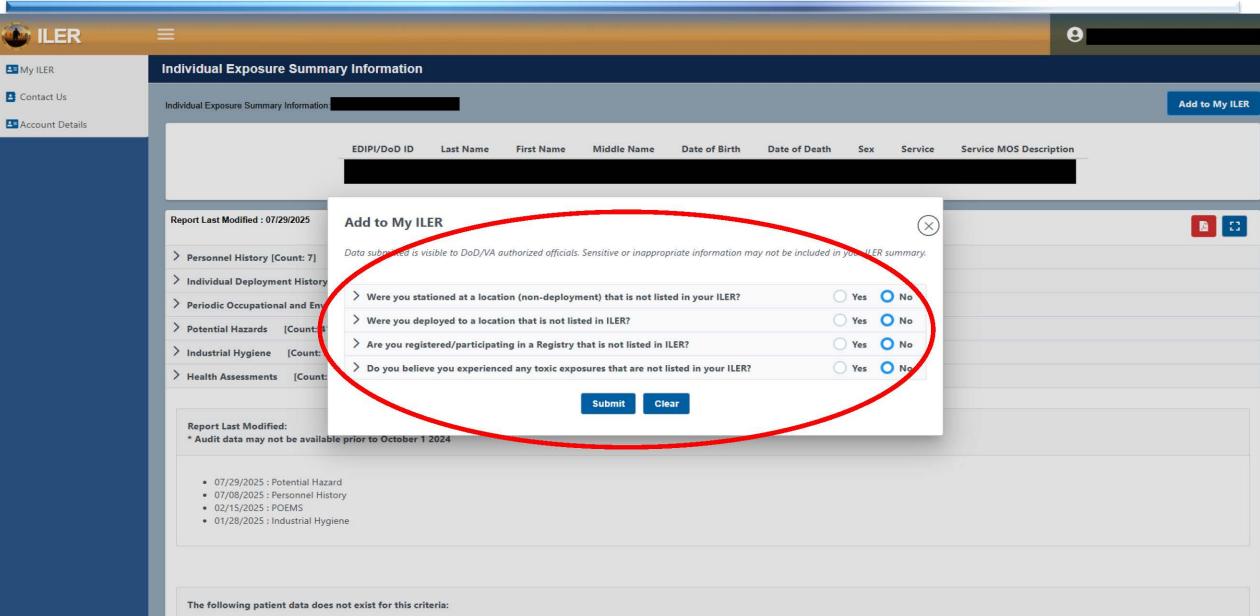






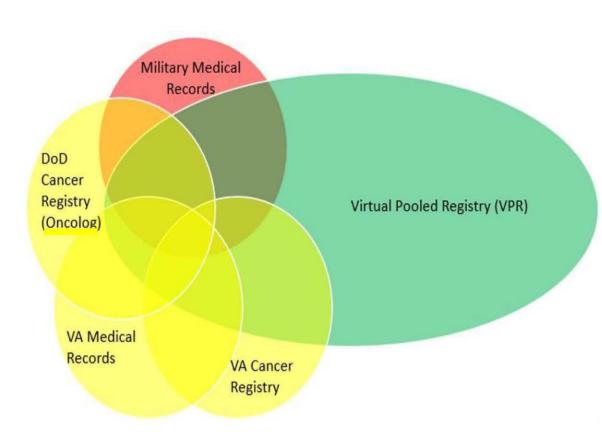








Epidemiology Review - Where We've Been

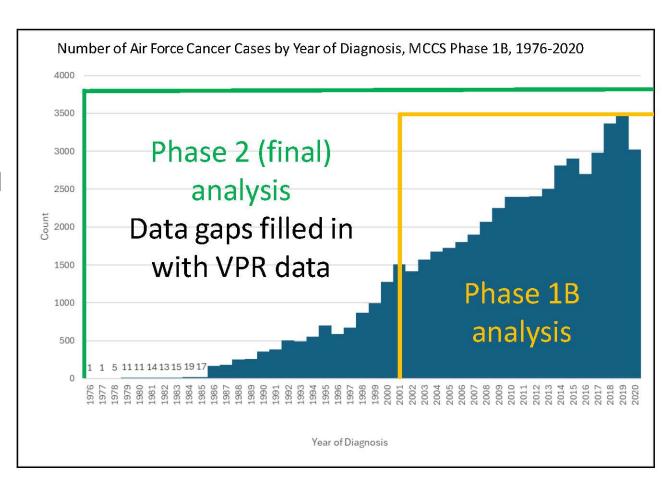


- There is no single source for cancer data, so the MCCS was designed with multiple overlapping data sources.
- Phase 1A captured 5,063 incident cancer cases.
- Phase 1B captured 55,224 incident cancer cases, nearly 11 times more cancer cases as Phase 1A.
- Estimated that Phase 2 would capture 2-3 times more cancer cases as Phase 1B.
- Cautioned against definitive conclusions until Phase 2 is complete and all data sources have been incorporated.



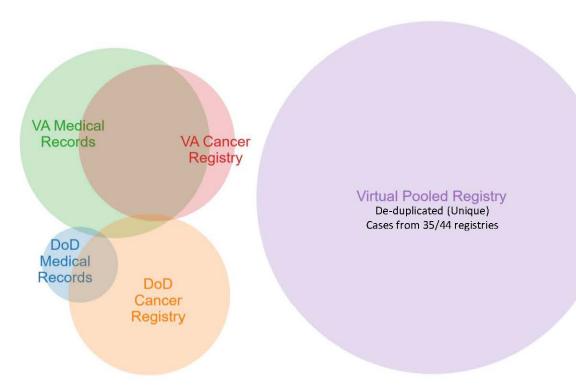
Epidemiology Review – Why Phase 2?

- For Phase 1B analysis, only the VA registry included data going back to 1976.
- The external analysis for Phase 1B was limited to just 2001-2020 (the first year that all datasets were available), to minimize the impact of these known data gaps.
- Phase 2 analysis will include data from the Virtual Pooled Registry that will fill some of the gaps in data and allow analysis of the entire study period for both the internal and the external comparisons.





Epidemiology Review – The Data



- The Virtual Pooled Registry (VPR) has incident cancer diagnoses from states and territories.
- Phase 2 incorporates VPR data into the previous 4 incident datasets.
- There are 44 registry participants with different documents, processes, and institutional review board requirements that must be executed before data are transmitted.
- Data from 35/44 registries has been received.
 - This includes all states with an active nuclear deterrent mission.
 - Continuing to work with states to receive data.
- Currently, the Phase 2 dataset has over 2 times as many cancer cases as Phase 1B.



Epidemiology Review – Way Ahead

- Continue to receive data and run analyses
- Work with external partners to review and interpret analysis and write a report. Partners for Phase 2 include subject matter experts from:
 - Wright State University
 - University of Nebraska Medical Center
- The report will be published once USAFSAM goes through the process of independent review with external partners, and it is cleared through DAF channels





Way Forward

- Institutional Processes to document and communicate potential hazards
- DOEHRS/ILER Documentation
- Burning Classified Materials
- Complete Epidemiology Review
 - Phase 2 continuing to receive data from civilian cancer registries through the Virtual Pooled Registry; projected completion Dec 2025
- Stakeholder Engagement
 - Continuing to pass along study updates to Veterans Affairs (VA)
 - VA Coordination Military Environmental Exposure Sub-Council
 - Congressional updates
 - For more information on expanded VA coverage

The PACT Act And Your VA Benefits | Veterans Affairs

■ Website for public information/questions: Missile Community Cancer Study (af.mil)





